WINGS WIde-field Nearby Galaxy-cluster Survey

Survey and Pipelines Overview



From exoplanets to galaxy clusters: science with Astro-WISE

Benchmark for higher redshift studies

Average galaxy properties in nearby clusters

Photometry, mass, structure, morphology, stellar populations, star formation histories, scaling relations (e.g. FP and Kormendy), color-magnitude relation.

Global properties of nearby clusters

Photometry, structure, kinematics, morphological fractions, scaling laws, sub-structures, luminosity functions.

Cosmic variance of galaxy properties in nearby clusters

Relation between environment and galaxy properties, zero point for higher redshift studies.

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People involved:

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Collaborations:

Study of Substructures in WINGS clusters INAF - Trieste Observatory (Italy)

Andrea Biviano Massimo Ramella Armando Pisani

Study of Current Star Formation in WINGS' clusters Instituto de Astrofísica de Andalucía (Spain) Jorge Iglesias Daniel Reverte Payá José Manuel Vílchez

Bidimensional analysis of WINGS galaxies Instituto de Astrofísica de Canarias (Spain) José Alfonso López Aguirre Rubén Sánchez Jansenn



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Wide Field B/V imaging of 77 WINGS clusters

Stringent observational requirements: large field of view 1.6-2.6Mpc, photometric dept V_T~23.0 (μ_v ~25.5), high spatial resolution ~1kpc...

PRODUCTS: detailed photometry, surface photometry and morphological study



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The cluster sample



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Fig. 1. All-Sky Aitoff map of the cluster sample (equatorial coordinates). Lines delimiting the region $|b| \le 20$ are drawn.

X-Ray selection (ROSAT):

ROSAT Brightest Cluster Sample (Ebeling et al. 1998)

Extended Brightest Cluster Sample (2000)

X-ray brightest Abell-type Cluster Sample (Ebeling et al. 1996)

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The cluster sample





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| Number of clusters | 77 | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Galactic Latitude Limits | b >20° | |
| Redshift range | 0.040 - 0.069 | |
| log(L _x [0.1-2.4 keV]) | 43.48 - 45.05 [erg/s] | |
| Number of Fields | | |
| INT | 46 | |
| ESO | 31 | |
| Mean Seeing | | |
| INT | 1.22" ±0.20" | |
| ESO | 1.19" ±0.37" | |
| Mean Field of View | | |
| INT | 0.279deg ² 3.646Mpc ² (h=0.75) | |
| ESO | 0.287deg ² 3.358Mpc ² (h=0.75) | |
| Total Covered Area | otal Covered Area 21.275deg ² 267.47Mpc ² (h=0.75) | |
| Mean linear resolution | | |
| INT | 1.17±0.27 kpc (h=0.75) | |
| ESO | 1.17±0.39 kpc (h=0.75) | |

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WINGS-SPE

Multifiber spectra of 55 clusters COMPLETED!

WHT 4.2m - WYFFOS: (3800-7000 Å)

2dF 400 fibres 27/9/1997

CCD 2

AAT 3.9m - 2dF: (3600-8000 Å)

CCD 1

Multifiber spectra of 100-300 galaxies in 55 WINGS clusters

- selection criteria: V<20 (-16.5); μ<22.5
- intermediate resolution: 6÷9Å
- spectral range: 3800÷8000Å

PRODUCTS: redshifts, equivalent widths and line indices of emission and absorption lines for star formation histories and metallicity estimates, search for substructures

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UKIRT 3.8m - WFCAM: (54'X54'; pix~0.20")



Wide Field J/K Imaging of 33 WINGS clusters

High quality UKIRT-WFCAM photometry

PRODUCTS: properties of cluster galaxies as a function of stellar mass, NIR structural parameters of galaxies, broad-band SED.

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WINGS-UV U wide field photometry

ONGOING...

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INT 4m - WFC: (34'X34'; pix~0".33)

BOK 2.2m - 90prime (70'X70'; pix~0".45)

LBT 8.4m - LBC: (23'X23'; pix~0".23)

Abell 2124 V-band-20m WFC-INT

Abell 2124 U-band-5m LBT-LBC

Wide Field U Imaging of 50 WINGS clusters

High quality U photometry and surface photometry... 22 clusters observed, further time allocated at LBC!

PRODUCTS: ongoing star formation studies, star formation distribution in galaxies and in clusters, large band SEDs.

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WINGS-HAL Ha imaging ONGOING...



Wide Field H_a **Imaging 60'x60' mosaics**

PRODUCTS: post star-burst events studies, star formation activity over a wide range of masses and clustercentric distance.



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After halo removal...

B, **V pip** Varela et al.

(a)

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(d)



Halos of big galaxies (included BCG) and halos of stars affect photometry.

T. Valentinuzzi

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(c)

B,V pipeline

Varela et al. 2008

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Special care for treating large extended galaxies (including the BCG): photometry on images in which large galaxies and halos of bright stars are removed. Photometry for large galaxies GREATLY improved (up to 1mag difference) + detect 16% more objects around BCG



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B,V pipeline

Varela et al. 2008

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SExtractor positions, geometrical parameters, several total and aperture magnitudes.

Photometric catalogs 90% complete at V~21.7, and 50% at V~23.2



Fig. 5. Average detection rate in each observing run computed from simulations. The stronger black line is the detection rate averaged over the 77 fields.



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B,V pipeline

Varela et al. 2008

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Know problem with IRAF-ARTDATA



Better star/galaxy separation and detection on real images than simulated ones...

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Valentinuzzi et al. 2008



Images already reduced and calibrated in UK at CASU. They are stacked and ready to become a mosaic...

54 Mosaics of 33 WINGS clusters generated with MONTAGE

(NASA/IPAC Infrared Science Archive)

Very simple and direct usage...

Powerful overlapping fitting...

Uses ZPN projection...

Enormous amount of disk space needed (70Gbyte)

Need of lots of memory... (4Gbyte)

Time consuming (5 hours for 64 stacked images of 1 cluster)...

... go directly to the fun ©!!!!



Sky subtraction with SExtractor



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PSF distribution analysis...

Check if PSF has been strongly affected by some stacked image, check of systematic distortion effects on the mosaic...

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Preliminary analysis of mosaics...

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600

200

0

Counts 400



Mag

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0.1

0.2

Class.Star

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0.3

0.4



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Astrometry check with USNO_B



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Check of unidentified objects ...



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Valentinuzzi et al. 2008

Result of this phase, improvement of SExtractor parameters choice, improvement of star/galaxy classification parameters choice...

| | 1 MONDLK 2 X_IMAGE 3 Y_IMAGE 4 ALPHA_SKY 5 DELTA_SKY 6 XPEAK_IMAGE 7 YPEAK_IMAGE 8 ALPHAPEAK_SKY 10 XWIN_IMAGE 11 YWIN_IMAGE 12 BACKGROUND 13 THRESHOLD 14 ISOAREA_IMAGE 15 KRON_RADIUS 16 A_IMAGE 18 THETA_SKY 19 FUHM_IMAGE 20 ELLIPTICITY 21 FLUX_RADIUS2 22 FLUX_RADIUS2 | Numing object nomen Object position along x Object position along x Object position of barycenter (native) Declination of barycenter (native) x-coordinate of the brightest pixel Right ascension of brightest pix (native) Declination of brightest pix (native) Windowed position estimate along x Windowed position estimate along y Background at centroid position Detection threshold above background Isophotal area above Analysis threshold Kron apertures in units of A or B Profile RMS along major axis Position angle (east of north) (native) FUHM assuming a gaussian core 1 - B_IMAGE/A_IMAGE Fraction-of-light radii | ;) | <pre>[pixel] [pixel] [deg] [deg] [deg] [deg] [deg] [pixel] [pixel] [count] [count] [pixel] [pixel] [pixel] [deg] [pixel] [pixel] [pixel]</pre> |
|-----|---|---|----------|--|
| | 23 FLUX_RADIUS3 | Fraction-of-light radii | 4 | [pixel] |
| | 25 MAG_ISO | Isophotal magnitude | | [mag] |
| | 26 MAG_ISOCOR | Corrected isophotal magnitude | Emag | [mag] |
| | 28 MAG_APER2 | Fixed aperture magnitude | [mag] | |
| ŧ. | 29 MAG_APER3 | Fixed aperture magnitude | [mag] | |
| | 30 MAG_APER4 | Fixed aperture magnitude | Lmag. | |
| | 31 MHG_HFERS | Fixed aperture magnitude | Lmag: | |
| | 33 MAG AUTO | Kron-like elliptical aperture magnitude | Linag. | [mag] |
| ŧ., | 34 FLAGS | Extraction flags | | |
| • | 35 CLASS_STAR | S/G classifier output | 100 | |
| | 1573 44.718 | 13523.479 160.3838036 -8.3829543 | 45 | 13523 160 |
| | 9363 45.192 | 1136.263 160.3072244 -9.0713069 144 966 160 3874522 -9 1276798 | 45 | 1100 100 |
| | 3765 63.987 | 9781.516 160.3837606 -8.5912593 | 64 | 9782 160 |
| | 4196 66.511 | 9065.133 160.3838180 -8.6311386 | 66 | 9065 160 |
| | 2658 69.655 | 11666.849 160.3829169 -8.4863115 | 70 | 11667 160 |
| | 8959 81.928 | 1833.161 160.3849648 -9.0337181 | 82 | 1833 160 |
| | 5593 83.0/1 | 6932.266 160.3834/94 -8.7498/26 | 23 | 6932 160 |
| | 5200 97 497 | 5100.845 160.3837078 -8.7951550 7430 340 460 3934099 -9 7224493 | 8Z 97 | 7430 160 |
| | 6912 88.602 | 4601.939 160.3838169 -8.8795949 | 89 | 4602 160 |
| | 1174 89.348 | 14193.562 160.3811063 -8.3456664 | 89 | 14193 160 |
| | 9744 92.383 | 508.130 160.3847450 -9.1074777 | 92 | 508 160 |
| | 4627 105.827 | 8319.449 160.3818118 -8.6726590 | 106 | 8319 160 |
| | 1078 106.729 | 14353.225 160.3800842 -8.3367835 | 107 | 14353 160 |
| | 41// 10/.292 | 9089.195 160.3815152 -8.6298103 | 107 | 9089 160 |
| | 0300 110.269 | 2400.202 ID0.30130I0 -0.030/103 | TTO | 0400 1BC |

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Ready to run SExtractor in final mode...

OUTPUT 3 main catalogs

4) Point sources catalog 2) Deep sources catalog 3) Unidentified sources catalog

6100.139

7430.423

4602.263

508.197

8319.341

9089.055

5480.344

14353.563

14193.477

82.492

87.125

88.276

89.295

92.365

105.716

106.704

107.157

118.149

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L1667 160 1833 16 6932 16 6100 160.3837715

7430 160.3831195

4602 160.3837944

4193 160.3811261

508 160.3847667

8319 160.3818022

4353 160.3800690

9089 160.3815317

480 160.3819162

-8.7962017

-8.7221665

-8.8795916

-8.3456976

-9.1074849

-8.6726841

-8.3367961

-8.6298211

-8.8307248

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Cleaning the catalogs ...



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Cleaning the catalogs ...



WINGS: a WIde-field Nearby Galaxy-cluster Survey. I: Optical imaging

The cata **WINGS**

G. Fasano¹, C. Marmo^{2,3}, J. Varela¹, M. D'Onofrio⁴, B.M. Poggianti¹, M. Moles⁵, E. Pignatelli¹, D. Bettoni¹, P. Kjærgaard⁶, L. Rizzi⁷, W.J. Couch⁸, and A. Dressler⁹

A Wide-Field Multi-wavelength Survey of Cluster Galaxies in the Local Universe

WINGS II

Deep optical photometry of 77 nearby clusters *

J. Varela^{1,3}, M. D'Onofrio², C. Marmo³, G. Fasano¹, D. Bettoni¹, E. Pignatelli¹, B.M. Poggianti¹, M. Moles⁴, P. Kjærgaard⁵, W.J. Couch⁶, and A. Dressler⁷

If everything works ©: 1) Cle THANK YOU... 2) Clean Deep catalog 3) Unknown objects catalog

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